

	ALCALDÍA DE VILLAVICENCIO		FR-1540-GD01	
	INSTITUCIÓN EDUCATIVA CENTAUROS Aprobación oficial No.0552 del 17 de septiembre del 2002 Nit. 822.002014-4 Código DANE 150001004630		Vigencia: 2020	
	APOYO A LA GESTION ACADEMICA		Documento controlado	
			Página 1 de 7	
Docente: Nina Rocha			Área: Ingles	
Grado: 10		Sede: Rosita	Fecha: Septiembre 20 – Noviembre 5	
Estándar: Elaborar oraciones utilizando los condicionales.				
DBA: Da y recibe instrucciones, recomendaciones y sugerencias sobre temas relacionados con su entorno.				

LOS CONDICIONALES

Condicional tipo Cero

El "zero conditional" se utiliza cuando el tiempo al que nos referimos es ahora o siempre y la situación es real y posible. Este tipo de condicional suele emplearse para hablar de hechos generales. El tiempo verbal de ambas proposiciones es el "simple present". En las oraciones condicionales de tipo 0, el término "if" puede normalmente sustituirse por "when" sin que cambie el significado.

Proposición "if" Proposición principal

If + simple present simple present

If this thing happens , that thing happens.

If you heat ice , it melts.

Condicional tipo 1

El "type 1 conditional" se emplea para referirse al presente o futuro cuando la situación es real. El condicional tipo 1 se refiere a una condición posible y su resultado probable. En estas oraciones, la cláusula "if" adopta el "simple present" y la proposición principal el "simple future".

Proposición "if" Proposición principal

If + simple present simple future

If this thing happens ,that thing will happen.

If you don't hurry, you will miss the train.

Condicional tipo 2

El "type 2 conditional" se utiliza para referirse a un tiempo que puede ser ahora o en cualquier momento y a una situación que no es real. Estas oraciones no aluden a hechos. El condicional tipo 2 se emplea para hacer referencia a una

condición hipotética y su resultado probable. En estas oraciones, la proposición "if" adopta el "simple past" y la cláusula principal el "present conditional".

Proposición "if" Proposición principal

If + simple past present conditional o present continuous conditional

If this thing happened, that thing would happen. (no tengo seguridad de que tal cosa sucedería) O
that thing would be happening.

If you went to bed earlier, you would not be so tired. (Si te fueras a dormir más temprano, no estarías tan cansado.)

If it rained, you would get wet.

Condicional tipo 3

El "type 3 conditional" se emplea para referirse a un tiempo situado en el pasado y a una situación contraria a la realidad. Se basa en unos hechos que son opuestos a lo que se está expresando. El condicional tipo 3 se utiliza para hacer referencia a una condición del pasado que no es real, así como a su resultado probable en el pasado. En estas oraciones, la cláusula "if" adopta el "past perfect" y la proposición principal el "perfect conditional".

Proposición "if" Proposición principal

If + past perfect perfect conditional o perfect continuous conditional

If this thing had happened, that thing would have happened. (ninguna de tales cosas sucedió realmente) O
that thing would have been happening.

If you had studied harder, you would have passed the exam. (Si ud. Hubiera estudiado más, habría aprobado el examen.)

If it had rained, you would have gotten wet. (si hubiera llovido, te hubieras mojado.)

Condicional mixto

El "mixed type conditional" se utiliza para referirse a un tiempo situado en el pasado y a una situación que todavía no ha concluido en el presente. Se basa en unos hechos que son opuestos a lo que se está expresando. El condicional mixto se emplea para hacer referencia a una condición del pasado que no es real y a su resultado probable en el presente. En estas oraciones, la proposición "if" adopta el "past perfect" y la cláusula principal el "present conditional".

Proposición "if" Proposición principal

If + past perfect o simple past present conditional o perfect conditional

If this thing had happened , that thing would happen. (tal cosa no ocurrió, así que tal otra no está ocurriendo)

If I had worked harder at school , I would have a better job now. (si hubiera trabajado más duro en el colegio, tendría un mejor trabajo.)

If we had looked at the map, we wouldn't be lost. (si hubieramos mirado el mapa, no estaríamos perdidos.)

If you weren't afraid of spiders you would and put it outside. (si no tuvieras miedo a las arañas, lo harías, y lo pondrías afuera.)

LOS CONDICIONALES EN INGLÉS

EL BLOG DE IDIOMAS .ES

ZERO CONDITIONAL VERDAD UNIVERSAL	If I work too much, I cry.	PRESENTE
	<i>Estructura</i> IF + PRESENTE + PRESENTE	
FIRST CONDITIONAL REAL O POSIBLE	If it rains today, I'll stay at home.	FUTURO
	<i>Estructura</i> IF + PRESENTE + WILL + INFINITIVO	
SECOND CONDITIONAL HIPOTÉTICO	If I won the lottery, I would travel around the world.	PASADO
	<i>Estructura</i> IF + PAST SIMPLE + WOULD + INFINITIVO	
THIRD CONDITIONAL LAMENTO	If I had passed my driving test, I would have bought a car.	PASADO PERFECTO
	<i>Estructura</i> IF + PAST PERFECT + WOULD + HAVE + PARTICIPIO	

elblogdeidiomas.es Síguenos en:  

ACTIVIDAD

1. Realizar la hoja de trabajo del condicional zero
2. Completar las oraciones de la hoja de trabajo del primer condicional.
3. Elaborar enunciados, haciendo uso de la estructura del segundo condicional.
4. Elaborar oraciones haciendo uso tercer condicional, utilizando la información dada en la hoja de trabajo.

NAME: _____

DATE: _____

GRAMMAR WORKSHEET**ZERO CONDITIONAL** *with:*
'IF'/'WHEN' + PRESENT SIMPLE

"if" / "when" clause	main clause
If / When it rains,	the grass grows.

main clause	"if" / "when" clause
The grass grows	if / when it rains.

The zero conditional is used to talk about things that are always, or generally, true; it is also used to talk about scientific facts.

- **Complete the sentences below by making Zero Conditional statements.**

1. If I am late for class, _____
2. When he stays up very late, _____
3. People get hungry _____
4. If you study hard, _____
5. When she watches a movie, _____
6. When I cross the street, _____
7. I can't do my homework _____
8. He always smiles _____
9. If I miss the bus, _____
10. When you make lots of noise, _____
11. Tea tastes sweet _____
12. You should eat less _____
13. I always take my umbrella _____
14. When I'm sad, _____
15. When he cleans the house, _____

NAME: _____

DATE: _____

GRAMMAR WORKSHEET

FIRST CONDITIONAL



"if" clause	main clause
If it rains, ...	... he will bring his umbrella. ... he won't play outside.

main clause	"if" clause
He will bring his umbrella... He won't play outside ...	... if it rains.

The first conditional is used to talk about things that may possibly happen in the future.

- **Complete the sentences below by making First Conditional statements. Use your imagination!**

1. If we don't arrive on time, our teacher will be angry.
2. I will watch TV if I have time.
3. If he gets up at 5 o'clock, _____
4. We will be hungry _____
5. If the phone rings, _____
6. I will laugh _____
7. If our exam isn't tomorrow, _____
8. They won't buy a new car _____
9. If you hit me, _____
10. I'll give you ten dollars _____
11. If he doesn't take a bus, _____
12. The glass will break _____
13. If I don't watch that movie _____
14. My boss will get angry _____
15. If the weather is nice tomorrow, _____

NAME: _____ DATE: _____

GRAMMAR WORKSHEET

SECOND CONDITIONAL



"if" clause	main clause
If I won a million dollars,	... I would put the money in a bank. ... I could buy an airplane. ... I might give it all away.
main clause	"if" clause
I would put the money in a bank I could buy an airplane I might give it all away	... if I won a million dollars.



NOTES:

- (1) The second conditional is used to talk about future events that are hypothetical or improbable.
- (2) To form negative sentences, add 'not' after 'would', 'could' and 'might'. Eg " ... I might not give it all away."

- **Complete the sentences below by making Second Conditional statements. Use your imagination!**

1. If I had longer summer holidays, I would travel more.
2. If John did more exercise, _____
3. If Mrs. Smith spoke Chinese, _____
4. If I won a million dollars, _____
5. _____, you could live for 150 years.
6. _____, I might look for a new job.
7. _____, people would be very surprised.
8. _____, he would laugh.
9. If aliens landed on Earth, _____
10. If animals could talk, _____
11. If people lived on the moon, _____
12. If I spent all my money, _____

NAME: _____

DATE: _____

GRAMMAR WORKSHEET

THIRD CONDITIONAL



- Write each of the two sentences below as one sentence. Use the Third Conditional with "had" (or "hadn't") + "wouldn't have".

1. Sam didn't get up early. He was late for work.

If Sam had gotten up early, he wouldn't have been late for work.

2. We didn't bring our umbrellas. We got wet.

3. Jake didn't study. He failed the test.

4. I rode the bicycle. I fell off.

5. I met him yesterday. I knew his name.

6. The TV was broken. They were bored.

7. Isaac sat under a tree. An apple fell on his head.

8. Kevin got lost. He cried.

9. Jenny practiced a lot. She won the contest.

10. The firemen arrived. They put out the fire.

11. That was a funny joke. I laughed.

12. We didn't clean the room. It was messy.
